## §410.394

- (c) Death during absence. Where the death of one of the parties occurred while away from the residence for treatment or care of an illness or an injury (e.g., in a hospital), the fact that the death was foreseen as possible or probable does not in and of itself preclude a finding that the parties were "living with" one another or were "member[s] of the same household" etc. at the time of death.
- (d) Absences other than temporary. In situations other than those described in paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section, the absence shall not be considered temporary, and the parties may not be found to be "living with" one another or to be "member[s] of the same household" etc. A finding of temporary absence would not be justified where one of the parties was committed to a penal institution for life or for a period exceeding the reasonable life expectancy of either, or was under a sentence of death; or where the parties had ceased to live in the same place of abode because of marital or family difficulties and had not resumed living together before death.
- (e) Relevant period of time. (1) The determination as to whether a widow had been "living with" her husband shall be based upon the facts and circumstances as of the time of death of the miner.
- (2) The determination as to whether a wife is a "member of the same household" as her husband shall be based upon the facts and circumstances with respect to the period or periods of time as to which the issue of membership in the same household is material. (See § 410.510(c).)
- (3) The determination as to whether a parent, brother, or sister was "living in the miner's household" shall take account only of the 1-year period immediately prior to the miner's death. (See § 410.380.)

[37 FR 20640, Sept. 30, 1972]

## §410.394 [Reserved]

## §410.395 Contributions and support.

(a) Support defined. The term support includes food, shelter, clothing, ordinary medical expenses, and other ordinary and customary items for the maintenance of the person supported.

- (b) Contributions defined. The term contributions refers to contributions actually provided by the contributor from his own property, or the use thereof, or by the use of his own credit.
- (c) Regular contributions and substantial contributions defined. The terms regular contributions and substantial contributions mean contributions that are customary and sufficient to constitute a material factor in the cost of the individual's support.
- (d) Contributions and community property. When a wife receives, and uses for her support, income from her services or property and such income, under applicable State law, is the community property of herself and the miner, no part of such income is a contribution by the miner to his wife's support regardless of any legal interest the miner may have therein. However, when a wife receives, and uses for her support, income from the services and the property of the miner and, under applicable State law, such income is community property, all of such income is considered to be a contribution by the miner to his wife's support.
- (e) Court order for support defined. References to support orders in §§ 410.330 (f)(1), 410.350(c), and 410.360(b) mean any court order, judgment, or decree of a court of competent jurisdiction which requires regular contributions that are a material factor in the cost of the individual's support and which is in effect at the applicable time. If such contributions are required by a court order, this condition is met whether or not the contributions were actually made.
- (f) Written agreement defined. The term written agreement in the phrase substantial contributions \*\*\* pursuant to a written agreement (see §§ 410.351 (b) and 410.361(b)) means an agreement signed by the miner providing for substantial contributions by him for the individual's support. It must be in effect at the applicable time but it need not be legally enforceable.
- (g) One-half support defined. The term one-half support means that the miner made regular contributions, in cash or in kind, to the support of a divorced wife (see §410.351(a)), or of a surviving divorced wife (see §410.361 (a)), at the